## Solving Equations-Explanation

The Goal: To get the equation in the form of: variable = constant

## STEPS

1. Simplify the expressions on each side of the equation
2. Isolate the variable term on one side of the equation.

To remove an unwanted variable term. $\qquad$ .Add the opposite of the variable term to both sides.
To remove an unwanted constant term.
3. Isolate the variable itself

To remove the coefficient $\qquad$ Divide both sides by the coefficient.

## Example:

$$
\begin{aligned}
2(5 x-1) & =4 x+13+3 & & \\
10 x-2 & =4 x+16 & & \text { Simplify the expressions } \\
10 x-2+(-4 x) & =4 x+16+(-4 x) & & \begin{array}{l}
\text { Get variable term on one side only by addir } \\
\text { to both sides of the equation the opposite } o \\
\text { the unwanted variable term } 4 x .
\end{array} \\
6 x-2 & =16 & & \begin{array}{l}
\text { Isolate the variable term by adding to both } \\
\text { sides of the equation the opposite of the } \\
\text { unwanted constant term }-2 .
\end{array} \\
6 x-(+2) & =16+(+2) & & \text { Isolate the variable itself by dividing by the } \\
\frac{6 x}{6} & =\frac{18}{6} & & \text { of the variable. }
\end{aligned}
$$

Steps for Solving Equations (All steps may not be necessary for every problem)

| Step | Tool | Example |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Given: $\frac{5 x-2}{3}-\frac{3}{5} x=\frac{4 x+16}{5}+\frac{2}{15}$ |
| 1. Clear Fractions | Multiply each term by LCD | $\begin{aligned} \frac{15}{1}\left(\frac{5 x-2}{3}\right)-\frac{15}{1}\left(\frac{3}{5} x\right) & =\frac{15}{1}\left(\frac{4 x+16}{5}\right)+\frac{15}{1}\left(\frac{2}{15}\right) \\ 5(5 x-2)-3(3 x) & =3(4 x+16)+(2) \end{aligned}$ |
| 2. Clear Parentheses | Distributive Property | $25 x-10-9 x=12 x+48+2$ |
| 3. Combine like terms on each side of the equation. | Rules for Adding/Subtracting like terms | $16 x-10=12 x+50$ |
| 4. Gather all variable terms on one side of the equation <br> And <br> all constant terms on the other side. | Addition Property of Equality <br> (Add or subtract the same term from both sides of the equation) | $\begin{aligned} 16 x-10-12 x & =12 x+50-12 x \\ 4 x-10 & =50 \\ 4 x-10+10 & =50+10 \\ 4 x & =60 \end{aligned}$ |
| 5. Isolate the variable | Multiplication Property of Equality (Divide both sides of equation by the numerical coefficient of the variable.) | $\begin{aligned} \frac{4 x}{4} & =\frac{60}{4} \\ x & =15 \end{aligned}$ |

